TABLE A-6. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides by occupation, Alaska, 2012

		Transportation incidents <sup>2</sup>				Homicides <sup>2</sup>	
ccupation <sup>1</sup>	Total fatal injuries (number)	Total	Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicle	Nonroadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	Pedestrian vehicular incidents	Total	Shooting by other person intentional
Total	30	16		3		6	
Protective service occupations	1						
Other protective service workers	1						
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	1						
Security guards	1						
Food preparation and serving related occupations	1						
Food and beverage serving workers	1						
Fast food and counter workers	1						
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	1						
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	8	6					
Fishing and hunting workers	6	6					
Fishers and related fishing workers	6	6					
Fishers and related fishing workers	6	6					
Forest, conservation, and logging workers							
Logging workers							
Fallers	1						
Construction and extraction occupations	4						
Construction trades workers	3						
Production occupations	3	2		1			
Food processing workers	3	2		1			
Butchers and other meat, poultry, and fish processing workers	3	2		1			
Meat, poultry, and fish cutters and trimmers	3	2		1			
Transportation and material moving occupations	7	6					
Air transportation workers	4	4					
Aircraft pilots and flight engineers	4	4					
Commercial pilots	4	4					
Motor vehicle operators							
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	1						
Driver/sales workers	1						
Military specific occupations <sup>3</sup>	3						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Occupation data are based on the Standard Occupational Classification System, 2010.

NOTE: Data are preliminary. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State, New York City, District of Columbia, and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, August 26, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes fatal injuries to persons identified as resident armed forces regardless of individual occupation listed.